§518.1

- 518.5 What process will the Commission use to review petitions?
- 518.6 When will a certificate of self-regulation become effective?
- 518.7 If a tribe holds a certificate of self-regulation, is it required to report information to the Commission to maintain its self-regulatory status?
- 518.8 Does a tribe that holds a certificate of self-regulation have a continuous duty to advise the Commission of any information?
- 518.9 Are any of the investigative or enforcement powers of the Commission limited by the issuance of a certificate of self-regulation?
- 518.10 Under what circumstances may the Commission remove a certificate of self-regulation?
- 518.11 May a tribe request a hearing on the Commission's proposal to remove its certificate?
- 518.12 May a tribe request reconsideration by the Commission of a denial of a petition or a removal of a certificate of selfregulation?

AUTHORITY: 25 U.S.C. 2706(b)(10), 2710(c)(3)-(6).

SOURCE: 63 FR 41969, Aug. 6, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

§518.1 What does this part cover?

This part sets forth requirements for obtaining, and procedures governing, the Commission's issuance of certificates of self-regulation of class II gaming operations under 25 U.S.C. 2710(c). When the Commission issues a certificate of self-regulation, the certificate is issued to the tribe, not to a particular gaming operation; the certificate will apply to all class II gaming operations operated by the tribe that holds the certificate.

§518.2 Who may petition for a certificate of self-regulation?

A tribe may submit to the Commission a petition for self-regulation of class II gaming if, for the three (3) year period immediately preceding the date of its petition:

- (a) The tribe has continuously conducted the gaming activity for which it seeks self-regulation;
- (b) All gaming that the tribe has engaged in, or licensed and regulated, on Indian lands within the tribe's jurisdiction, is located within a State that permits such gaming for any purpose by any person, organization or entity (and such gaming is not otherwise specifi-

cally prohibited on Indian lands by federal law), in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 2710(b)(1)(A);

- (c) The governing body of the tribe has adopted an ordinance or resolution that the Chairman has approved, in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 2710(b)(1)(B);
- (d) The tribe has otherwise complied with the provisions of 25 U.S.C. 2710; and $\,$
- (e) The gaming operation and the tribal regulatory body have, for the three years immediately preceding the date of the petition, maintained all records required to support the petition for self-regulation.

§518.3 What must a tribe submit to the Commission as part of its petition?

- (a) A petition for a certificate of selfregulation under this part shall contain:
- (1) Two copies on 8-1/2"×11" paper of a petition for self-regulation approved by the governing body of the tribe and certified as authentic by an authorized tribal official, which includes:
- (i) A brief history of each gaming operation(s), including the opening dates and periods of voluntary or involuntary closure;
- (ii) An organizational chart of the independent tribal regulatory body;
- (iii) A description of the process by which all employee and regulator positions at the independent tribal regulatory body are filled, including qualifying and disqualifying criteria;
- (iv) A description of the process by which the independent tribal regulatory body is funded and the funding level for the three years immediately preceding the date of the petition;
- (v) A list of the current regulators and employees of the independent tribal regulatory body, their titles, the dates they began employment, and, if serving limited terms, the expiration date of such terms:
- (vi) A list of the current gaming operation division heads; and
- (vii) A report, with supporting documentation, including a sworn statement signed by an authorized tribal official, which explains how tribal net gaming revenues were used in accordance with the requirements of 25 U.S.C. 2710(b)(2)(B);